## Fiscal Estimate - 2011 Session

×	Original		Updated		Corrected		Supplem	ental				
LRB	Number	11-0678/2		Introd	duction Numl	ber S	B-008					
<b>Description</b> Conforming the state family and medical leave law to the federal family and medical leave law and granting rule-making authority												
Fiscal	Effect						<u>-</u>					
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	No Local Gov Indeterminate 1. Increase Permiss 2. Decrease	e Costs sive 🔲 Mandato	3. Increasory Permis 4. Decrea	se Revenue ssive  Man ase Revenue ssive  Man	datory	nment Un	its Affected Village Others WTCS Districts	d Cities				
Fund Sources Affected  Affected Ch. 20 Appropriations  GPR FED PRO PRS SEG SEGS												
Agend	y/Prepared I	Ву	А	uthorized S	ignature		D	ate				
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## Fiscal Estimate Narratives DHS 2/9/2011

LRB Number	11-0678/2	Introduction Number	SB-008	Estimate Type	Original					
<b>Description</b> Conforming the state family and medical leave law to the federal family and medical leave law and granting rule-making authority										

## **Assumptions Used in Arriving at Fiscal Estimate**

This bill makes a number of changes to the state family medical leave act (FMLA). Among other changes, this bill increases the length of family and medical leave time available to a qualified employee from six weeks to 12 weeks. Currently, most DHS employees would qualify for 12 weeks of leave under the federal FMLA. However, because of a more restrictive definition of "qualified employee" under the federal law, a small number of employees may be eligible only for the six weeks under current state law. Under this bill, these employees could now be eligible for 12 weeks.

This bill also increases the number of hours an employee needs to work in a year necessary for state family and medical leave eligibility. Currently, the state requires 1000 hours of work; this bill increases it to 1250 hours.

Increases in leave time can increase overtime costs at the Department's direct care facilities. However, the number of DHS employees whose FMLA eligibility would increase from six to 12 weeks is expected to be small. In addition, it is unknown how many employees may exercise their FMLA rights and the extent to which they would utilize accrued sick and vacation leave in lieu of unpaid time off.

While some employees will be eligible for more family and medical leave, others will be eligible for less, resulting in minimal fiscal impact. Also, while additional overtime needs are possible, they are not certain and for this reason the fiscal impact on overtime to the department is not possible to determine.

This bill also makes technical changes to statute specific to DHS in Chapters 252 Communicable Diseases and 253 Maternal and Child Health, to reflect FMLA changes elsewhere in the bill. These changes are anticipated to have no fiscal effect.

The Department is unable to determine the fiscal impact to local public health or human service departments based on information currently available.

## **Long-Range Fiscal Implications**